

Diversity Unit Overview Group Project

provide an introduction into the concept of diversity. Kick this unit off with "Join Hands to Celebrate Diversity" or "Celebrate Diversity With Multicultural Banners." Both of these art activities will help

unit? What do you want to showcase at Family Night???? your students to be able to know and share with others at the end of the second section has culminating activities for you to explore. What do you want There are a ton of activities included. We start with the end in mind. The

2016. activities your students will complete from January 4 through March 18, Now, jump in and learn about this fascinating culture/country and plan what

- <u>;-</u> Read the folktale selections or reading selections from the various
- 3 Memorize seven simple sayings in the predominant language of the
- Create a timeline of historically significant events
- ω 4. Learn about the geography of the land
- Çī Write poems, postcards, books about the people and country
- 0 Make charts and graphs that reflect information about the country
- they do. Create a cookbook. Learn about the major foods people eat, and why they eat the foods
- œ Learn about important holidays and events, traditions and culture
- What do people like to do most for leisure, entertainment and sports?
- 10 Who are the most famous and well-known people in art, music, sports, history?

other student groups and parents students will create items and present what they have learned to Remember, after learning about the country and its people

HAVE FUN WITH THE GRAND FINALE!!!!!!!

WHAT WE WANT TO KNOW

1. What we KNOW:

KNOW about Kenya Use a <u>large sheet of paper</u> and have your group brainstorm what the students

do in Kenya? country Kenya, is anyone here of Kenyan ancestry, what are some things they might Questions to help the discussion: Where is Kenya, what have you heard about the

thoughts and not judge if they are right or wrong. Each question may start a new line of thinking. Remember to write down all the

2. What we WANT to Know:

On the same sheet have the students think about what they WANT TO KNOW about

3. What we learned:

KNOW. Then have them talk about and list what they LEARNED. post this paper and have the students review what they KNOW and WANT TO or put it away until the last week. Before you end the quest on the country of Kenya, You may keep this sheet posted and students can add to What we Want to Know -

KNOW	
W	
WANT TO KNOW	KENYA
LEARNED	

Join Hands to Celebrate Diversity

biectives

similar traditions. groups and how they interrelate with each other and share Children explore ideas about racial, ethnic, and social

Hamsa designs to reflect an appreciation of other cultures and individual people. Children incorporate existing and/or original symbols into

Multiple Intelligences

Interpersonal

matter, symbols, and ideas Choosing and evaluating a range of subject Visual Arts Standard #3

Social Studies Standard #1

of culture and cultural diversity experiences that provide for the study

Social Studies Standard #9

interdependence. for the study of global connections and Global connections experiences that provide

Background Information

from the evil eye. The Hamsa includes five digits and a traditional and popular amulet for magical protection Fatima, by at least 1000 years. Among Arabs, the Hamsa is or Hand of Miriam, as a protective amulet. This tradition the first to use a hand-shaped symbol called the Hamsa, predates the Muslim use of the Hamsa, called the Hand of since ancient times. Jewish households likely were among Mediterranean cultures have used the hand as a symbol nbolizes the Creator's protective hand.

to their supposed magical properties. or wear Hamsas as ornaments, without giving any thought nothing to do with Judaism. Many people today display of Jewish and Israeli folklore and superstition, but it has Israel, and the Middle East. The use of the Hamsa is part .íamsas, hung on walls, are very common in Morocco

hands also symbolize friendship and goodwill. We clap our hands to show appreciation and "lend a helping hand" a greeting and as a way of sealing a promise. Two clasped when assistance is needed Many modern societies have adopted the handshake as

of years ago personal way to fellow human beings who lived thousands their hands. These powerful images connect us in a very made of bones to spray paint on cave walls blocked by in Santa Cruz, Argentina, where ancient people used pipes One famous site is Cueva de las Manos (Cave of the Hands) of ancient rock art appearing around the world in places such as Mexico, Borneo, France, Argentina, and Australia. Hand paintings are one of the most common elements

Resources

and schools. suggestions for building a strong alliance between parents Lists 10 traits that make up good character. Provides Good Judgment by Thomas Lickona Character Matters: How to Help Our Children Develop

Bebind Them by Hans Biedermann Dictionary of Symbolism: Cultural Icons and the Meanings

art, literature, dreams, and religion. More than 2000 terms related to symbolism as it appears in

as well as cultural icons from around the globe. More than 1,800 images including many geometric shapes Handbook of Designs and Devices by Clarence P. Hornung

Project Mulberry by Linda Sue Park

friendship. Told from the viewpoint of a Korean American African Americans girl who is concerned about her mother's prejudice against Ages 9 to 12 enjoy this story about a multicultural

Vocabulary List

create idea webs, or brainstorm related subjects. Use this list to explore new vocabulary,

Hamsa Illustration Image Ornament Multicultural Design Cultural Judgment Decorative Behavior Folklore Diversity Character Amulet Ancient Accept ,nce raits Symbol Solution Racial Superstition Social problem Prejudice Tradition Positive Pattern





Preparation and Discussion

Ask children to generate a list of words and symbols—such as hearts, hands, eyes, stars, circles, and suns—that stand for positive character traits.

or disrespect? How can you look past appearance to see the person underneath? How would the world be if people were all the same? With children, reflect on questions such as: How do you lend a helping hand? Why do others treat us with respect

looks. Behaving like this is prejudicial. Together, think about how people are sometimes judged by their skin color, nationality, clothes, body shape, or

out to one another with kindness. We can erase prejudice and celebrate each other! Explain that making a Hamsa is an interesting way to encourage all of us to treat people with respect and to reach

Collect and display reproductions of Hamsa designs that reflect a variety of decorative symbols

Crayola® Supplies

Other

Hole punch

Paper

Recycled file folders

Ribbon or yarn

Materials

• Crayons • Multicultural Markers • Scissors

Set-up/Tips Encourage children to spread their fingers wide or draw their hands to a slightly larger scale



Session 1 15-20 min Process

Create a Hamsa

- Trace each other's hands on file folders. Use Multicultural Markers to create a realistic skin color. Cut out.
- Decorate the Hamsa with symbols, shapes, colors, spirals, or radial designs, keeping the theme of a celebration of diversity in mind.
- 3. On the back of the hand write affirmations about the diversity of people in the community, country, and/or world

Session 2 Process. 20 min

Join hands & celebrate!

4. Punch two holes in each hand. Connect hands with ribbon. Stretch out the joined hands. Read the statements on the backs. Hang the hands as one long artwork made from smaller pieces, all expressing appreciation of cultural diversity!

Assessment

- Children contribute with increasing depths of understanding to discussions about the benefits of cultural diversity.
- Children successfully trace their hands and decorated them with appropriate symbols
- Children participate in joining, reading, and display the messages on the hands.
- Ask students to reflect on this lesson and write a DREAM statement to summarize the most important things

Extensions

of origin. Encourage children to recognize that because they have different backgrounds, they have much to share with one another. Invite children to share something about their families' origins if they wish. Use a map to locate their countries

which all can participate. Ask student volunteers to research needs within the community and design a helping hands service project in

groups and create a display of these. Students with a gift for research might wish to investigate symbols with special significance for various cultural

so their projects can be as much a part of the display as their classmates' Make certain that students whose manual dexterity is not well developed, receive help cutting out their hands,

After several groups of children have completed this project, join all the hands and display them in a large area

the hands. Invite a music specialist to teach songs about diversity. Perform them for the community at an unveiling of



NJ After 3 at El Club del Barrio - Lady Liberty Charter School Artwork created by students from



Celebrate Diversity With Multicultural Banners

Objectives

of appreciating diversity. explore vocabulary and concepts associated with the values Students read literature with multicultural themes and

on either a personal, national, or international level Students make banners using positive symbols that reflect and synthesize their knowledge about multicultural diversity

Multiple Intelligences

Linguistic Interpersonal

What Does It Mean?

acteristic of a particular region or country originating in and char-Indigenous: native

of an idea or object favorable representations Positive symbols:

arts in relation to history and cultures Understanding the visual Visual Arts Standard #4

English Language Arts Standard #1

Students read a wide range of print and nonprint texts to build an understanding of texts, of themselves, and of the cultures of the United States and the world; to acquire new information, Among these texts are fiction and nonfiction, classic and contemporary works. to respond to the needs and demands of society and the workplace; and for personal fulfillment.

English Language Arts Standard #3

textual features (e.g., sound-letter correspondence, sentence structure, context, graphics) of word meaning and of other texts, their word identification strategies, and their understanding of They draw on their prior experience, their interactions with other readers and writers, their knowledge Students apply a wide range of strategies to comprehend, interpret, evaluate, and appreciate texts.

Grades 5-6

English Language Arts Standard #8

networks, video) to gather and synthesize information and to create and communicate knowledge Students use a variety of technological and information resources (e.g., libraries, databases, computer

English Language Arts Standard #12

learning, enjoyment, persuasion, and the exchange of information) Students use spoken, written, and visual language to accomplish their own purposes (e.g., for

Background Information

population, which makes it unique in the world. The United States of America has often been referred to as

of brotherhood." jangling discords of our nation into a beautiful symphony sit down together at the table of brotherhood... I have a dream that with this faith we will be able to transform the slaves and the sons of former slave owners will be able to that one day on the red hills of Georgia, the sons of former multicultural dream for America. King stated, "I have a dream In 1963 the Rev. Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr., described his

or idea. Banners have been used, like flags, as a means of that tell others about their thoughts and beliefs on a topic People who attend rallies often carry signs and banners

"a nation of immigrants." It is a country with a widely diverse

as being different. diversity and unify those who might otherwise see themselves and applaud accomplishments. Multicultural banners celebrate unifying people. They have been used to advocate for a cause

text and eloquent art celebrate Earth and its peoples Beautiful introduction to the celebration of diversity. Poetic All the Colors of the Earth by Sheila Hamanaka

'vicken Sunday by Patricia Polacco

neighborhood and celebrates its diversity. is harassed by some older boys. Depicts a multicultural neighbors befriend an elderly Jewish shopkeeper when he /oung Polish American girl and her two African American

Race

In the Year of the Boar and Jackie Robinson

by Bette Bao Lord

the Pledge of Allegiance elementary level. Includes a humorous chapter about learning Deals with issues of immigration, race, and acceptance on an the year Jackie Robinson breaks the color barrier in baseball Nine-year-old Shirley Temple Wong arrives in Brooklyn in 1947,

www.teachingtolerance.org

for teachers including award-winning videos and a magazine of ideas for multicultural education. tolerance and acceptance. Publishes outstanding, free materials The Southern Poverty Law Center is devoted to issues of

Vocabulary List

create idea webs, or brainstorm related subjects Use this list to explore new vocabulary

Equality Bias Diversity Differences Culture Community Commonalities Celebrations Bilingual Banners Appreciation Justice Prejudice Portraits Peace Multilingual Motto Migration Languages Indigenous Immigrant/immigration Identity Harmony Unity Religion Rights Similarities Sharing Values Unique Tolerance Symbols Stereotypes Togetherness Texture



Banners can be represented by flags. Many cultures include flags in ceremonies. Flags and banner drapery often include colors that hold specific meaning.

Celebrate Diversity With Multicultural Banners

and Preparation Discussion Suggested

> Hang sample banners, including one done with the assignment techniques and theme Display portraits reflecting diversity of race, age, and other human characteristics

Together, read a book with a multicultural theme that is meaningful to the students and will spark relevant discussion

Focus: Our Multicultural Community

and differences. Introduce the terms similarities

as physical features. characteristics (names, birthdates, favorite colors) and cultural heritage (customs, foods, holidays) as well are similar to and different from people they know. Consider unique Ask students to think of ways they

similarities and differences. Explain and their classmates have both make a banner showing how they Explain to students that they will

Focus: Our Multicultural Country

added to the richness of the country? indigenous peoples to current immigrants. How have various cultures diversity in the United States from diversity. Examine the history of Introduce the phrase cultural

who live in the United States. individuals from diverse cultures will create a banner highlighting the beauty and contributions of Explain to children that they

Focus: Our Multicultural World

misunderstandings among people? What does it mean? How does How can it be overcome? stereotyping contribute to Discuss the word stereotype.

Identify other vocabulary words related to the study of world cultures and languages. Why is it important for people to understand and value other cultures?

a banner with positive symbols people from various world cultures the similarities and differences of representing appreciation for Tell students they will create

Supplies Crayola[®]

- another word for different is unique
- Multicultural Markers
 - School Glue Scissors • Slick Stix™ Crayons
- Craft paper on a roll (colored and white)

Materials

Other

Index cards Overhead projector

Construction paper

Map of United States

- Yarn or string

Create self-portraits

Session 1

Process:

- 1. Attach white craft paper to a the paper. overhead projector to work in teams to outline each other on wall. Assist children to use an
- 2. Color the outlines and add out the figures. markers and Slick Stix. Cut details with multicultural

45-60 min.

Grades 3-4

20-30 min.

Grades K-2

the United States Research diversity within

- 1. Research and discuss cultural and current. and immigrants, both historic children's own heritages and groups in the United States. Use to illustrate indigenous peoples people within the community
- 2. Brainstorm ways to represent characteristics. languages, and other cultural people as well as traditional and in an affirming manner. these groups symbolically clothing, crafts, food, music, Consider realistic portraits of

sessions 45-min. Several Grades 5-6

international cultural images Research and create

- 1. Students form small groups and chosen culture images representative of the sites and books to identify Encourage them to use Web select a culture to research
- 2. Using multicultural markers research. symbols inspired by the colorful cultural images and and Slick Stix, students create

Add words to define self

Cut at least three index cards themselves on each half. personal characteristic about in half. Children write one

30-45 min. Session 2 Process:

4. Decorate cards with unifying borders and designs. Glue to figures. Air-dry the glue

Create visual images

- 3. On construction paper, create markers and Slick Stix. United States using multicultural the cultural diversity of the at least six symbols reflecting
- 4. Color the images and cut

Share ideas and design banner

- 3. Students share results of their research with the class. Discuss on their research? proved to be untrue based cultures. What stereotypes similarities and differences among
- 4. As a group, select a message to visual images and words to communicate the message communicate with a multicultural Consider ways of combining banner. Discuss design ideas

		Extensions		ssment		Process: Session 4 20-30 min.	Process: Session 3 30-45 min.	
Adinkra and Kente Arlist Sandy Eckeri Crōyola lauric mark 12° × 18° Private Collection		Post words children are most likely t with special needs. Hold a multicultural celebration. Invilentite community members to demons. Invite high school exchange students. Encourage children to interview relations.	 Ask students to reflect on this lesson they learned. 	 Are children's six (or more) defining personal characteristics descriptive, legibly written, and correctly spelled? Do yarn connections accurately reflect similarities? Do banner images work together to reflect a spirit of unity? Do children's oral statements about themselves and others reflect an appreciation for their differences as well as their similarities? 	9. Together, hang the banner in a prominent place	8. Agree on a banner title. Write it in large, embellished letters above the banner. Add designs and patterns for a balanced presentation.	 Design banner 5. Cut craft paper for banner background. 6. Discuss characteristics that unite the class. Select one. Agree on a symbolic image of that idea (such as a class photo or motto). Place it in the center of the banner. Glue figures around the central image. 7. Children look for commonalities among themselves. Use yarn to connect the similarities. Children find at least three connections with others in the class. Discuss similarities and differences. 	K-2
Adinkra and Kente Cloth Designs Artist: Sandy Eckert Crayola Facific markers, cloth 12° × 18° Privale Collection	with special needs. Hold a multicultural celebration. Invite children to bring foods representative of their own culturite community members to demonstrate and/or teach crafts from various cultures. Invite high school exchange students to speak about their native cultures. Encourage children to interview relatives to learn more about their own cultural heritages. Challenge gifted students to write short stories or art cultural heritages. Study and debate current issues such as immigration, and human rights.	Post words children are most likely to need help to spell. Provide computers or adult volunteers to assist children ith special needs. Hold a multicultural celebration. Invite children to bring foods representative of their own cultural heritages. When the community members to demonstrate and/or teach crafts from various cultures. Invite high school exchange students to speak about their native cultures. Encourage children to interview relatives to learn more about their own cultural heritages.	Ask students to reflect on this lesson and write a DREAM statement to summarize the they learned.	 Children create at least six affirming symbols of cultural diversity. Are vocabulary words legibly written and correctly spelled? Do written messages reflect sensitivity to multicultural issues? Do images reflect in-depth research? Does the banner carry an important or persuasive message enhanced by color, design, and imagery? 	ominent place.		 5. Cut a large outline map of the United States on colored craft paper. Glue it to the center of much larger white craft paper base. Glue images across the map in a way that looks balanced and unified. 6. Together, list words related to cultural diversity. Discuss possible messages to convey. Agree on a title. Write it on the banner in bubble letters. Add texture by filling letters with patterns and designs. 7. Add colorful, positive words and images related to cultural diversity to the banner. 	3-4
Challenge gifted students to write short stories or articles based on their altural heritages. Study and debate current issues such as immigration, languages, housing, and human rights. e Cloth Designs of the Building for and deathily into standards-based learning thems, doth	s or adult volunteers to assist children e of their own cultural heritages. ultures.	narize the most important things	 How clearly can students define and explain the problems of stereotyping? Is the banner free of stereotypical images and words? Does the banner design integrate words and well-researched imagery to create a sense of unity? Did individuals work together harmoniously to produce one banner? 			Create banner 5. On craft paper, prepare the background and work on different areas of the banner to carry out the design idea to express unity through diversity.	5-6	

